Medals of Centenarians.

By F. Parkes Weber, M.D., F.S.A.

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In two articles in the "Numismatic Chronicle" (third series, Vol. XV and Vol. XVII) I endeavored to give an account of all the known medals of centenarians. The present description is almost entirely derived from my former articles. Although the attainment of very old age is probably gradually becoming commoner, centenarians are still rare and those commemorated by medals rarer. None of the best known recent instances of longevity in Great Britain, such as Mr. William Salmon (died in 1896, aged 106), Mr. John Ogilvy (died in 1894, aged 100), Surgeon-Major John Bowron (died in 1899, aged 100), Mrs. Macqueeney (aged 107 in 1902, when she was living in the Isle of Mull; she is a cousin of David Livingstone, the African explorer), Mrs. Elizabeth Hanbury (died in 1901, aged 108) and Mrs. Margaret Anne Neve (died in 1903, aged 110), have, as far as I know, been commemorated by medals. Yet, the list of centenarians of whom medals exist comprises some of the best known amongst them, namely, Sir Moses Montefiore, Professor

1 Of all persons commemorated by medals the great painter Titian (1477-1576) in length of life probably ranks next to those whose medals are here described. He died of the plague at Venice on the 27th August, 1576, in his ninety-ninth or one hundredth year. In addition to various later medals there exist two cinque-cento Italian medals bearing Titian's portrait, one by Leoni Leoni (Armand, Les Médailleurs Italiens, Vol. I, p. 166, No. 21), and the other by Pastorino (Armand, op. cit., Vol. I, p. 208, No. 122). A specimen of the latter is in the British Museum.
Chevreul of Paris, and the Englishman Thomas Parr. I have likewise included the medals of the French poet Fontenelle, though he died before completing his hundredth year. The centenarians in the following list are arranged in the chronological order of their births, and the following somewhat legendary person must therefore take precedence.

Apollonius Tyaneus, the Pythagorean philosopher, is said to have been a centenarian. The story of his life, as given by Philostratus the Athenian, is fabulous, and his reputation depends chiefly on the miracles which he was reputed to have performed, and on a parallel which some authors have drawn between him and Jesus Christ. He is said to have been born at Tyana, in Cappadocia, about the year 4 B.C., and to have died at Ephesus about 97 A.D. The following Roman "contorniate medallion" bears his portrait:

Obverse. Apollonius Tyaneus (sic). His bust clothed in paludamentum, with bearded laureate head to right.

Reverse. Fliane. A victor in the chariot race, holding a whip and palm-branch, and standing in a quadriga facing; the four horses of the quadriga have their heads adorned with palm-branches. In the exergue, NICA.

Diameter: 1.6 inches; bronze contorniate medallion, figured by J. Sabatier, Description générale des Médaillons Contorniates, Paris, 1860, pl. VI, No. 1.

The so-called "contorniate medallions" are of poor execution, and probably made in the fourth and fifth centuries A.D., in the Western Empire. They are mostly cast and derive their name from the sunken border line which they often have inside a projecting rim, always forming an exact circle. The portrait of Apollonius of Tyana on one of these contorniate medallions is of some interest in considering their probable purpose. Pinkerton suggested that they were entrance tickets for the circus; Fr. Lenormant thought that some at least of them were made to be sold at the entrance of the circus, as having some magical power to bring good luck on the jockey or charioteer backed by the purchaser. More recently M. W. Froehner has endeavored to show that they were used as draughtsmen; in which case they would be analogous to the stamped medal-like wooden draughtsmen so much used in Ger-
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many in the seventeenth century. The existence of the above-described piece with the portrait of the miracle-working sage on the one side, and the victorious charioteer on the other, can be used in support of Fr. Lenormant’s theory; it can, however, likewise be reconciled with M. Froehner’s view.

Thomas Parr, a Shropshire peasant, is said to have attained the fabulous age of 152: In 1635 he was brought to London by Lord Arundel and presented to King Charles I, but died the same year in Arundel House, Strand, and was buried in “Poets’ Corner,” Westminster Abbey. A post-mortem examination was made by the celebrated Dr. William Harvey, and in the account taken from Harvey’s notes (Philosophical Transactions, Vol. III, p. 888) it is stated that Parr “was able even to the 130th year of his age to do any husbandman’s work, even threshing of corn.” The story of Old Parr became widely known, owing in great part to the poetical version of his life by John Taylor, the “water poet,” entitled The Old, Old, Very Old Man: or, The Age and long Life of Thomas Par [sic], the Son of John Parr of Winnington. (London, printed for Henry Gosson, 1635.) The evidence as to Parr’s exact age is certainly not very good, but it may probably be safely allowed that he was over a hundred. His portrait, engraved by C. van Dalen, appears on a contemporary broadside, entitled The Wonder of this Age (London, printed for Benjamin Fisher, 1635), published whilst Parr was living in Arundel House; there are reprints and numerous copies of this engraving. A painting in the school of Honthorst, said to be a portrait of Parr, is in the Ashmolean Museum at Oxford. (See Art. by T. Seccombe in Dict. of Nat. Biog.) A painting by Rubens was believed, probably on insufficient grounds, to represent “Old Parr,” and engravings after it have been published as portraits of him. There are likewise various engravings copied from a portrait by John Payne, a contemporary engraver, and of this portrait the mezzotint by George White is a variety. Parr is not so well represented by medals as by engravings; of the three following pieces the first is posthumous, the second is a seventeenth-century farthing token possibly not meant to represent Parr, and the third, as will be shown, certainly does not represent him at all.
1. Obverse. Bust facing, with head slightly inclined to left. The likeness is similar to that on the mezzotint by White; he is not bald, has beard and moustache, and wears a small ruff and doublet. On a scroll above is the legend, OLD THO PARR; on a similar scroll below, AGED 152, and within the ends of the scroll, R P (= Requiescat in Pace).


The execution of this piece is very poor. One of the British Museum specimens is struck on a much-worn English copper halfpenny; a specimen in copper, recently in the possession of the Royal United Service Institution, is struck on a worn halfpenny, dated 169—; the last figure of the date cannot be made out. The piece was therefore issued long after Old Parr's death and may have been used as a cheque or ticket at some inn, possibly at the "Old Man Inn," formerly standing in Market Place, Westminster, of which the following seventeenth-century farthing token exists:

2. Obverse. AT * THE OLD MAN * IN £ A head supposed to be that of "Old Parr" in profile to left. It must be owned that the portrait need not represent Parr, and Mr. B. V. Head, of the British Museum, points out that it rather suggests a likeness of King Charles I.

Reverse. MARKET * PLA * WESTMIN £ In the centre are the initials of the issuer of the token and his wife, * F * | W * I


3. Obverse. Clothed bust to left. On the truncation are the letters A. S. Inscription engraved in incuse letters around the head: — THO = PARR = 31T = 152.

Reverse. Plain.

Diameter: 1.4 inches; chased; AE (Historical Museum of Orleans).

I owe the description of this piece to the kindness of the Director of the Historical Museum at Orleans. I have myself a copperplate engraving of the identical specimen at Orleans or of a similar piece, and Mr. Grueber pointed out that the portrait is that of Sir Albert Joachim, Ambassador of the United Provinces at London in the reign of Charles I. The British Museum collec-
tion contains a specimen in silver of the portrait-medal of Sir Albert Joachim, made in 1646 by the admirable English medallist, Abraham Simon. (Med. Illust., Vol. I, p. 324, No. 162. See also engraving in George Vertue's Medals, Coins, Great Seals, &c., of T. Simon, 1753, XXII, Fig. G.) The diameter of the Joachim medal is 1.45 inches and the inscription is on the reverse only; a comparison of this medal with my engraving leaves no room for doubt that the specimen in the Orleans Museum is not a Medal of Parr at all, but a cast of the obverse of Simon’s medal of Joachim, which has been slightly altered by chasing, and on which Parr’s name and age have been engraved around the head.

Bernard le Bovier de Fontenelle, the French poet and philosopher, was born 11th Feb., 1657, and died 9th Jan., 1757. He was a nephew of the celebrated Corneille, and from 1691 was a member of the French Academy, of which he was the Secretary during nearly forty years; he was likewise a Fellow of the Royal Society of London. Although he just missed (by only one month) completing his hundredth year, his medals may be fitly described with those of centenarians.

1. Obverse. BERND FONTENELE DOIN DES 3. ACADEM. Draped bust to right.
Reverse. LES GRACES APOLLON MINERVE L’ONT FORME. Group of Minerva, Apollo, and the three Graces. In the exergue is the date, MDCCXXX.
Diameter: 2.15 inches; cast; AE.

This is one of the medals of Titon du Tillet's Parnasse François series. See Le Parnasse François by Titon du Tillet, Paris, 1732, folio, pl. X.

2. Obverse. BERND DE FONTENELLE. DE L’ACAD. FR. Draped bust to left.
Signed below, S. CURE. F.
Reverse. LES GRACES APOLLON MINERVE L’ONT FORME. Group of Minerva, Apollo, and the Three Graces, similar to that on the reverse of No. 1, but the design is reversed. In the exergue is the date MDCCXXX, with the artist's signature SI. CURE. F.
Diameter: 2.15 inches; cast; AE (in the writer's collection).

This is another of the medals of du Tillet's Parnasse François series, but is a variety of that engraved in his book (loc. cit.), and bears the artist's signature. Simon Curé, who died in 1734, was an engraver and jeweller; he
executed this series of medals after models by the sculptor Louis Gardnier. On a cast bronze portrait medallion of the poet Voiture, in my collection, modelled in similar style to that of the *Parnasse François* medals, the signature, L. GARDNIER. F., occurs on the truncation.

3. **Obverse.** P. CORNEILLE . FONTENELLE . N. POUSSIN. Busts jugate to right, of Corneille, Fontenelle, and Nicolas Poussin. Signed below, DEPAULIS . F.

   *Reverse.* TRIA LIMINA PANDIT. A classical façade with four columns and three entrances. *In exergue, scient . litt . et art . acad . regia rothom . 1744.*

   *Diameter:* 1.3 inches; struck; AE (in the writer’s collection).

This is a jeton or medalet of the Royal Academy of the Sciences, Letters and Arts at Rouen, where both Corneille and Fontenelle were born. The painter Nicolas Poussin was likewise born in Normandy, though not at Rouen.

4. **Obverse.** B. LE BOUVER DE FONTENELLE. Draped bust to right. Signed on the truncation DONADIO F.

   *Reverse.* Inscription: — *NE A ROUEN EN M·DC·LVI.* MORT EN M·DCC·LVII. *In smaller letters:* — *GALERIE METALLIQUE DES GRANDS HOMMES FRANCAIS.* 1819

   *Diameter:* 1.6 inches; struck; AE (in the writer’s collection).

5. **Obverse.** B. LE BOUVIER DE FONTENELLE. Clothed bust to right, the face and hair being exactly similar to that on medal No. 3. Signed below, DONADIO.

   *Reverse.* Inscription: — *NATUS ROTHOMAGI IN GALLIA AN. M·DC·LVI.* OBIT AN . M·DCC·LVII. *In smaller letters:* — *SERIES NUMISMATICA UNIVERSALIS VIRORUM ILLUSTRIUM.* M·DCCC·XXI. DURAND EDIDIT.

   *Diameter:* 1.6 inches; struck; AE (in the writer’s collection). The word MONACHII is sometimes stamped on the edge, signifying, probably, when it occurs, that the medal was issued at Munich instead of at Paris.

Pietertje Breedveld, a Dutch lady, was born on the 25th Nov., 1678, and on 1st Sept., 1697, married Jan Puts, who died on the 29th Aug., 1724. She lived to be over one hundred years old, and died on 20th Feb., 1779. On her hundredth birthday she had twelve grand-children and seven great-grand-children living, and was said never to have been ill or to have been bled. To the end of her days she retained possession of her mental faculties. The following medal was struck on the occasion of her hundredth birthday, by Gysbert van Moellingen, a Dutch medallist and engraver.
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Obverse. LAAT MIJ NU GAAN IN VREDE NAAR UW WOORD (Luke ii: 29). An old woman with a forget-me-not embroidered on her dress stands facing, and with her left hand holds a wedding-ring over an altar, on which the number 100 is engraved, signifying the number of years she has lived; at the base of the altar lies a broken wedding-ring. In her right hand she holds a Bible, and at her feet are a globe and flowers. In the background, to the left, is a distant hill crowned with a radiated city, marked Salem.

Reverse. TEN HONDERDSTEN VERJAARDAG VAN PIETER. JE BREEDVELD WED (uve) JAN PUTS. In the centre, in ten lines: — MIJN KROOIST | ROEMT GIJ HET ALBELEID | DAT MIJ EEN EEUW IN T LICHT | WOU SPAAREN | ZOEK EEUWIG HEIL IN JONGE | JAAREN | EEN EEUW IS NIETS BIJ DE | EEUWIG HEID | DEN 25 NOVIB: | 1778. | Signed, GEYS · B · V · M · F · (= Geys Bertus Van Moelingen fecit).

Diameter: 1.9 inches; struck. Beschrijving van Nederlandsche Historie-Penningen ten Vervolge op het Werk van Mr. Gerard Van Loon. Pl. XLIX, No. 536.

Cornelia Bierens, Dutch centenarian, 1790.

Obverse. IK HEE EEN EEUW VOLBRACHT, EN WAGT DE ZALIGHEID. Her bust to right with a hood on her head. Signed I.G.H.F.

Reverse. A bracket bearing the date MDCX and ornamented with flowers, an antique lamp, and a winged hour-glass; above, between branches of palm and olive, a radiated serpent with its tail in its mouth, forming the emblem of eternity and enclosing the letter c; on a curtain hanging from the bracket, the inscription: — CORNELIA BIERENS Gebooren 29 Dec. MDCXC. Dogter van Anthony Bierens en Kunira van Hoogmaade.

Diameter: 1.75 inches; struck; • (in the writer’s collection). By the medallist Johann Georg Holtzhey. Described in the above quoted supplement to Van Loon’s work, part X, p. 409, pl. LXXVI, No. 795.

Bartholomew Johnson, of Scarborough. I am indebted to the kindness of Mr. J. E. T. Graham, Town Clerk of Scarborough, for the following note on this centenarian. He was born at Wykeham, near Scarborough, on 3d Oct., 1710. Mr. Graham supposes that he was apprenticed to a barber, but is not certain whether he continued in that business. He resided in Scarborough up to the time of his death, which took place on 7th Feb., 1814, in his one hundred and fourth year. A tombstone in the churchyard at
Wykeham, where he was buried, bears a long inscription to his memory. Lord Mulgrave commissioned the artist, J. Jackson, R. A., to paint a portrait of Mr. Bartholomew Johnson, and presented it to the Corporation of Scarborough; this portrait, which was painted from life, now hangs in the Council Chamber of the town. Mr. Johnson was an excellent player on the violoncello, and on 7th Oct., 1811, when he entered on his one hundred and second year, he was entertained at a dinner by the Freemasons, at the Freemasons' Lodge, Scarborough. On this occasion he took part in a quartette, playing on the violoncello the bass of a minuet he had composed some years before, the other instrumental parts of which were written for the occasion by the composer W. Shield. Mr. Graham was not aware that any medal of Johnson existed.

**Obverse.** MR. BARTHOLOMEW JOHNSON. AGED 103. His bust three-quarters facing to left. He wears small wig and ordinary clothes. Below, in smaller letters: — TO THE CORPORATION OF SCARBOROUGH.

**Reverse.** HE WAS A MAN, TAKE HIM FOR ALL IN ALL. WE SHALL NOT LOOK UPON HIS LIKE AGAIN. A group of musical instruments, with an open music-book and sprigs of laurel and oak.

Diameter: 1.65 inches; struck; AE (in the writer's collection).

The British Museum likewise possesses an example, similar but in copper bronzed. These medals were probably struck, after his death in 1814, by one of the better Birmingham medallists of the time. The piece is doubtless dedicated to the Corporation of Scarborough, because the portrait has been taken by the medallist from the painting belonging to the Corporation.

**Jan Christian Hamelman,** Dutch centenarian, 1838.

**Obverse.** JAN CHRISTIAN HAMELMAN. GEBOREN 29 SEPTEMB. 1738. OUD 100 JAREN. His clothed bust with head to left, wearing a cap ornamented by a tassel. Signed V D K · F ·

**Reverse.** Within open oak wreath: —

IK HEB EEN EEUW GEZOND GELEEFT,
DANK GOD DIE MIJ DIT VOORREGT GEEFT,
'K BEN THANS VERTROUWEND VOORBEREID,
VOOR 'T LEVEN GINDS IN D' EEUWIGHEID!
AMSTERDAM DEN 29 SEPTEMBER 1838.
Diameter: 1.7 inches; struck; ΄ (in the writer’s collection). By the medallist David Van der Kellen, the younger, of Utrecht. Figured by Jacob Dirks, *Atlas Ned. Penningen*, pl. LXVI, No. 537.

Mrs. Isabella Smith, of Glasgow, was born in 1755, and died in 1855, at the age of a hundred years and six months. There is a paste portrait medallion of her by Tassie, dated 1797. See "James and William Tassie," by J. M. Gray (published at Edinburgh, 1894, p. 146, No. 360); in this work similar medallions of her mother and her husband are mentioned. I am indebted to Dr. H. R. Storer for kindly drawing my attention to the existence of these medallions.

Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F. R. S., the celebrated Jewish philanthropist, was born on 24th Oct., 1784, in the city of Leghorn, Italy, while his parents were there on a visit. His family had originally been resident in Italy, and his grandparents emigrated from Leghorn and settled in London in 1758. In 1812 he married Judith, daughter of Mr. L. B. Cohen, a sister-in-law of Nathan Maier Rothschild. In 1837 on his return from Syria, where he and his wife by their munificence had rendered assistance to the plague-stricken people, he was elected Sheriff of London and was knighted by Queen Victoria. In 1842 he opened a dispensary in Jerusalem, one of his many charitable acts towards that city. In 1846, on his return from Russia, he was made a baronet. During his long life Sir Moses Montefiore undertook numerous travels and spared no pains or expense to benefit the condition of Jews throughout the world. He died at East Cliff Lodge, near Ramsgate, 28th July, 1885, in his one hundred and first year. [Vide Lucien Wolf, *Sir Moses Montefiore*, London, 1884; the obituary notice in *The Times*, &c.] For the translation of the Hebrew inscriptions on the medals I am indebted to the Rev. Dr. H. Adler.

1. Obverse. Hebrew inscription from *Psalm* cxxii: v. 8, signifying:—"For my brethren and companions' sakes, I will now say, Peace be within thee"; also the words, "The Pride of Israel," and the date [anno mundi] 5601. In the centre the Arms of Sir Moses and Lady Montefiore. Signed GEBR. NATHAN HAMBURG.
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Reverse. gewidmet von ihren glaubensgenossen in hamburg • In centre: — sir moses | montefiore | und | lady montefiore | nach | ihrer ruckunft | aus | aegypten | im jahre | 1841.

Diameter: — 1.7 inches; struck; gold, silver, copper. An example in silver is in the writer's collection.

This medal is described and figured by O. C. Gaedechens in Hamburgische Munzen und Medaillen, Hamburg, 1850, Vol. I, p. 258. It was made by the Brothers Nathan, a Jewish firm of medallists at Hamburg, and a specimen was presented by the Jews of that city to Sir Moses and Lady Montefiore on their return from Egypt and the East in 1841.

2. Obverse. judith, lady montefiore. sir moses montefiore, bart., f. r. s. Their heads jugate to left. Signed below, ch. wiener, 1864.

Reverse. Within a wreath of roses, thistles, shamrock, palm, oak, and olive, are Hebrew inscriptions signifying: — "And it came to pass in those days, when Moses was grown, that he went out unto his brethren, and looked on their burdens." (Exodus, ii: v. 11.) "And they that be wise shall shine as the brightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to righteousness, as the stars for ever and ever." (Daniel, xii: v. 3). On the ribbon which binds the wreath are the following inscriptions in Hebrew letters: — Jerusalem, Damascus, 5600 [= a. d. 1840], Russia, 5606 [= a. d. 1846], Rome, 5618 [= a. d. 1858], and Morocco, 5624 [= a. d. 1864].

Diameter: 2.7 inches; struck; Æ (in the writer's collection). By the Belgian medallist Charles Wiener, who worked in London from 1862 to 1865.

The dates after the names of places on the reverse of this medal are those of the years when Sir Moses Montefiore visited them for his philanthropic purposes. The medal was struck after his return from Morocco in 1864.

The three medals next to be described commemorate the centennial celebration in 1884, of Sir Moses Montefiore's birthday.


Reverse. holy land. egypt, damascus, constantinople, russia, poland, rome, morocco, roumania. In the centre: — a universal tribute of respect &
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ESTEEM TO SIR MOSES MONTEFIORE BART. PHILANTHROPIST FROM HIS ADMIRERS & FRIENDS. CENTENARY 27TH OCTOBER 1884.

Diameter: 1.6 inches; struck; issued in various metals by Messrs. A. D. Loewenstark & Sons, a Jewish firm in London. Examples in copper and white metal are in the writer's collection.

The apparent discrepancy in the date of the centenary on this medal arises from the fact that the birthday was on the Jewish 8th Heshvan, which in 1884 corresponded to the 27th October, whereas in the year of his birth it corresponded to an earlier day of October.


Reverse. Inscription in seven lines:—A MOSE MONTEFIORE SINEESI PERFETTA DEL GUIDAISMO NEL SVO CENTENARIO VIII KESVAN 5645 (i.e. the 8th day of the month Kesan, Heshvan, or Cheshvan, anno mundi 5645).

Diameter: 1.7 inches; struck; AE (in the writer's collection).

This medal, which is not signed by the medallist, was struck at Turin, according to Dr. Brettauer, or at Corfu, according to the Catalogue of the Anglo-Jewish Historical Exhibition in London, 1887.


Reverse. In the centre an ornamental device of the Hebrew letters of the word Jerusalem. Hebrew inscription signifying: “If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, let my right hand forget her cunning. [Psalm cxxxvii: 5] Chesvan [i.e. the month, as on the medal, No. 3] 5645 [anno mundi].”

Diameter: 1.4 inches, in form of a star of six points.

A silver specimen is in the collection of Dr. J. Brettauer, of Trieste, to whom I am indebted for the description.

Apparently another medal was designed with the same reverse as No. 1, but with a different obverse.
6. **Obverse.** Sir Moses Montefiore and Monsieur Adelphe Crémieux presenting their credentials and petition to Mehemet Ali, in 1840. In the exergue is the legend **Mos. Montefiore u(nd) Ad. Crémieux in Damascus,** with the date (1840) and the corresponding Hebrew date (5600) in Hebrew characters.

I only know of this design through the illustration kindly furnished by Mr. W. T. R. Marvin. Montefiore and Crémieux did not visit Damascus in 1840, but petitioned Mehemet Ali at Alexandria and from him obtained the release of the Jews in Damascus, who had been falsely accused of murdering a Capuchin friar (the old story of "ritual murder"). Possibly owing to the inaccuracy of the device a proof medal only was struck, or perhaps the design was never actually carried out at all.

**Michel Eugene Chevreul,** the celebrated French chemist, was born at Angers, 31st August, 1786, and died at Paris, 9th April, 1889. He was Professor of Applied Chemistry at Paris, *Membre de l'Académie des Sciences,* and a Fellow of the Royal Society of London. As late as 1885 he published a scientific memoir, and in the next year his hundredth birthday was publicly celebrated at Paris. The following medal by the well-known French medallist, O. Roty, was struck for the occasion; on it Prof. Chevreul is styled "doyen des étudiants," in graceful allusion to his scientific work of the preceding year.

**I. Obverse.** **MICHÉL EVGENE CHEVREUL MEMBRE DE L'ACADÉMIE DES SCIENCES.** Clothed bust to right. Signed "O. Roty."
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Reverse. LA JEUNESSE FRANÇAISE AV DOYEN DES ÉTUDIANTS (and in inner circle) 31 AOÛT 1786. 31 AOÛT 1886. Prof. Chevreul is seated in an arm-chair to left, holding pen in hand and with writing paper on his knee; below are books and a manuscript; before him a young female figure in classical drapery, with book under arm, stands to right, offering him a wreath; behind is a table with chemical instruments on it. Signed, in the right of the exergue, “O Roty.”

 Diameter: 2.75 inches; struck; AE (in the writer’s collection). In the South Kensington Museum is exhibited a larger cast medal (diam., 3.9 inches) similar to the struck medal except in the artist’s signature. In the cast medal this appears on the reverse only, and in the left, instead of the right, of the exergue.

Of the previous year I have a large bronze portrait medallion by D. Ringel d’Illzach, an Alsatian sculptor and medallist, living at Paris.

2. Obverse. Head of Chevreul to left with clothed neck. On a raised band below, MICHEL EVGENE. CHEVREUL. Below this is the date of his birth, ANGERS XXXI AOÛT MDCCCLXXXVI. On the upper part of the medallion are the titles of some of his works: CONTRASTES SIMULTANES DES COULEURS, CERCLES CHROMATIQUES. &c. Signed in front of the neck, RINGEL D’ILLZACH MDCCCLXXXV.

No reverse. Diameter: 7 inches; cast; AE (in the writer’s collection).

This medallion forms one of a series of portrait medallions, by the same artist, of well-known modern Frenchmen. They were published by J. Rouam at the “Librairie de l’Art,” Paris.

The following two medals represent Professor Chevreul at earlier periods of his life.

3. Obverse. M. É. CHEVREUL MEMBRE DE L’ACADÉMIE DES SCIENCES. His head to left. Signed, ALPHÉE DUBOIS.

Reverse. Inscription in seven lines:—OFFERT LE 31 AOÛT 1872 À L’ILLUSTRE DOYEN DES CHIMISTES PAR SES CONFRÈRES PAR SES AMIS ET PAR SES ADMIRATEURS.

 Diameter: 2.0 inches; struck; ÀE (in the writer’s collection). By the medallist Alphée Dubois, of Paris.

Of very much earlier date is the following large portrait medallion by the famous French sculptor David d’Angers.
Louis Victor Baillot, the last French survivor of the battle of Waterloo. He was born at Percey, in the Department of Yonne, on 9th April, 1793. As a young man he is said to have appeared almost too delicate for a soldier's life, but owing to the need for more soldiers, he was enrolled for military service, at eighteen years of age, 25th November, 1812 (105th regiment of the line). After Waterloo he was kept for a short time prisoner at Plymouth, and when he came back received his discharge on account of (supposed) phthisis of the second degree (discharge signed at Auxerre, 5th November, 1816). He died on 3d February, 1898, at Carisey, a small town not far from his birthplace, and likewise in the Department of Yonne. Like other veterans, he obtained the St. Helena medal when it was issued by Napoleon III (in 1858), and on 29th February, 1896, when nearly 103 years of age, was decorated by the President of the French Republic with the Cross of the Legion of Honor. The following medal is by M. Paul Béville, a pupil of the sculptor Chapu.


Diameter: 3.05 inches; cast: ÅE (in the writer's collection).